Central Intelligence Agency



Washington, D. C. 20505

DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE

6 December 1984

China Looks to Upcoming Arkhipov Visit

Summary

If the visit of Soviet First Deputy Premier Arkhipov takes place, the Chinese will do all they can to make it a "success," probably signing a number of new economic and trade agreements. We believe Beijing would like to restore momentum to stalled Sino-Soviet relations in order to enhance China's image of evenhandedness in dealing with the two superpowers and to retain some maneuvering room within the strategic triangle. Neither side has announced the dates for the trip, although they have agreed privately that he would arrive 21 December. The trip could still be jeopardized if the Soviets or Vietnamese undertook provocative military activity that demanded a strong Chinese response. Failing this, we expect Beijing to continue to limit its military activity along the Sino-Vietnamese border for the time being.

25X1

What's Different This Time?

A chain of events led to Moscow's postponement of Arkhipov's earlier visit--originally slated for last May:

- -- The Soviets had just conducted a joint amphibious exercise with the Vietnamese in the Gulf of Tonkin coinciding with a Vietnamese offensive in Cambodia that provoked China into increasing military pressure on the Sino-Vietnamese border.
- -- Arkhipov would have arrived in the shadow of Beijing's warm welcome of the US President.

Branch, China Divavailable as of 6	Foreign Affairs Asian Analysis. Information is nts and questions are welcome and sion, OEA

25X1

25X1 25X1

	Approved For Release 2009/02/17 : CIA-RDP04T00367R000302290001-7	051/
	SECRET	25X ⁻
		051/4
		25 X 1
	This time, although the Vietnamese dry season campaign in Cambodia is off to an early start, the Chinese response thus farartillery shelling along the border with Vietnam and a modest increase in propaganda attacks	
_	has been measured.	
		25 X
	A note of caution is in order, however, in assessing whether the visit will occur and if it does, weighing the likely magnitude of its results for Sino-Soviet relations. Both Beijing and Moscow would appear to have compelling reasons to exploit an Arkhipov visit to demonstrate that they	
	have maneuvering room within the triangle, but that is not the only factor in their calculations. The initial visit became hostage to both sides	
	overriding determination to prove that neither could provoke or attempt to	
	intimidate the other with impunity.	25X1
	Both have taken actions in recent weeks that the other could take	
_	offense at	25X
	Concurrently, the Chinese are continuing to give	
	low-key but nonetheless, provocative publicity to their evolving military	0EV4
	relationship with the US.	25 X 1
	The military situation on the eve of the Arkhipov visit is less charged than at the time of the initial cancellation, but the fact that	
	Moscow and Beijing still seem intent on playing a "tit for tat" game in the	
	region suggests that broader political and security considerations could upset the apparent logic of the planned visit. The fact that dates for the	
	visit have yet to be formally announced suggests that both sides are unsure	•
	of the other's intentions and that the risks and benefits of an Arkhipov visit are still being weighed.	25 X 1
	What do the Chinese Want from the Visit?	
	The Chinese would like this visit to show domestic and foreign	
	audiences that relations with Moscow are not frozen. Beijing also would like to demonstrate that China is not "tied" to the US and retains the	7#
	freedom to maneuver to its advantage within the Sino-Soviet-US triangle.	

In short, we believe the Chinese are prepared to put the trip at risk by reacting firmly to any provocative Soviet or Vietnamese military activity around their periphery. If the Vietnamese were to launch large-scale attacks in Cambodia involving intrusions into Thailand, for example, the Chinese would retaliate. By the same token, if the Soviets decided to

Approved For Rel	ease 2009/02/17 : CIA-RDP04T00367R000302	290001-7
SECRET		I

25X1

mount a show of force against the Chinese, either along their mutual border or elsewhere, Beijing is likely to respond with a counter-demonstration of its own. Beijing's objective would be to force Moscow to make a difficult choice between again postponing the visit--and allowing Beijing to reap a propaganda victory by placing the onus on Moscow--or to go ahead with the trip despite the Chinese action.

25X1

It is less likely, in our view, that the Chinese are planning to mousetrap Arkhipov by allowing him to come and then launching an unprovoked offensive against Vietnam during his stay. Such a step would not promote Chinese security interests. Indeed, it would belie Beijing's claim that it sincerely seeks to normalize Sino-Soviet relations, and would deny Beijing some additional room to maneuver inside the strategic triangle, undercutting China's "independent" foreign policy.

25X1

1

25X1



25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1

25X1